

Annual Report of Indian Association of Endocrine Surgeons Activities during December 2024 to July 2025.

December 2024

Updates in Endocrine and Breast Surgery (EBSCON 2024), held on the 6th and 7th of December 2024, was the first academic event organised under the auspices of the EBS foundation by the Department of Surgery, Postgraduate Institute of Medical Education and Research, Chandigarh (PGIMER) in collaboration with the Indian Association of Endocrine Surgeons (IAES) and ABSI. It was a resounding success and the conference welcomed 169 delegates, including a diverse group of national and international experts, practitioners, residents and other healthcare professionals.

The event provided a platform for critical discussions on advances and challenges in endocrine and breast surgery, fostering collaboration and idea exchange.

The highlights of the conference included:

Renowned Speakers: Esteemed experts shared insights on emerging trends, innovative surgical techniques, and evidence-based practices, inspiring attendees.

International Perspectives: Comprehensive discussions on managing micro-papillary carcinoma.

Panel Discussions: Engaged in debates on complex case management.

Workshops and Video Sessions: Featured minimally invasive and robotic surgery, radio-frequency ablation for thyroid nodules, vacuum therapy, and core biopsy for breast lesions.



March 2025

A CME on Totally Implantable Venous Access Devices (TIVADs), organised by the Department of Endocrine surgery, Dr. RMLIMS, Lucknow, under the aegis of Indian Association of Endocrine surgeons (IAES), was held on 29th March, 2025. The convener of the CME was Prof. S.K Mishra. The Organising & Co-organising Secretaries were Dr. Sarah Idrees & Dr. Abhishek Krishna respectively.

The focus of the CME was to equip young endocrine surgeons with the current knowledge on TIVADs. The CME was held in Hybrid mode and 54 delegates from all over India joined the sessions.

Prof. Pooja Ramakant (KGMU), Dr. Dileep Ramesh Hoysal (Tata Memorial center, Mumbai), Dr. Arjun Raja (KGMU), Dr. Ganesh Bhatt (Safai Hospital) delivered lectures and demonstrated videos of TIVADs Insertion & removal.

The sessions were chaired by Prof Divya dahiya (PGIMER, Chandigarh), Prof. Gyan chand (SGPGMIS, Lucknow), Dr. Sabaretnam M. (SGPGMIS, Lucknow), Prof. Pooja Ramakant (KGMU, Lucknow) and Dr. Kulranjan singh (KGMU, Lucknow).

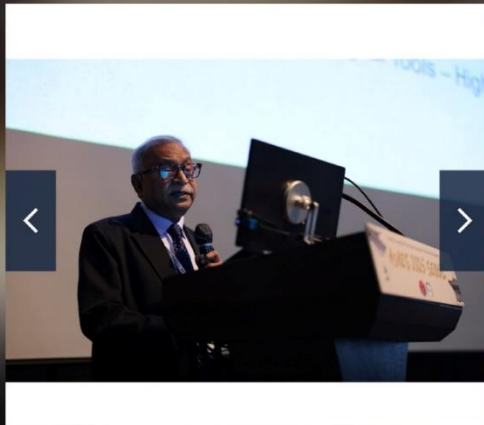
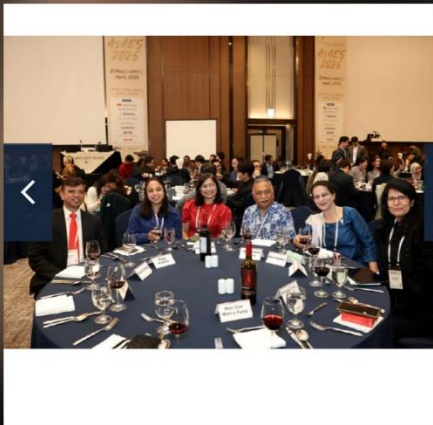
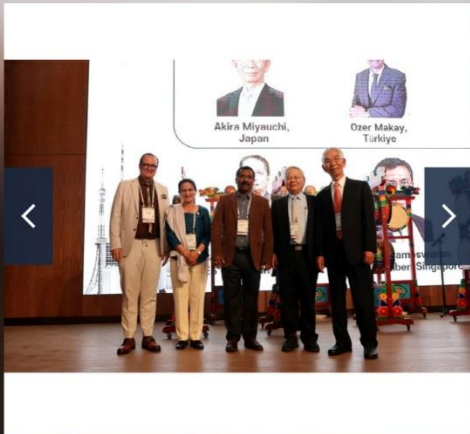
The Case- based panel discussion on “Troubleshooting in TIVADs procedure” was the highlight of the CME. This session saw an active participation from the presenters (Dr. Dileep Ramesh Hoysal, Dr. Satyajit , Dr. Devam Baderiya, Dr. Meghna Shetty, Dr. Naresh , Dr. Asiya Zehra), Panelists (Prof. Divya Dahiya, Prof. Gyan Chand, Prof. Sabaretnam M., Dr. Sanjay Kumar Yadav, Dr. Goonjh Johri, Dr. Vishwak Chantar) & delegates (IAES members) alike. The CME was a grand success and great learning experience for all.



APRIL 2025

IAES 33 members' strong representation in International platform Asian Association of Endocrine Surgery Conference held in Seoul, South Korea 2-4th April, 2025

Dr Anjali Mishra- President IAES got the honour of speaking amongst the International Dignitaries on podium. Dr S K Mishra, past President IAES and AsAES had a Meet the Professor Lecture, Dr Amit Agarwal was also the invited Faculty and many IAES members had paper and poster presentations. Few IAES Members also won the travel grants. Indian and Korean delegates had the maximum number of participants amongst all the countries.



MAY 2025

Report on First Multi-disciplinary Endocrine Surgery Grand Round

The “First Multi-disciplinary Endocrine Surgery Grand Round” was organized by the Department of Endocrine Surgery, Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia Institute of Medical Sciences (RMLIMS), Lucknow, under the aegis of the Indian Association of Endocrine Surgeons (IAES), on 10th May 2025. The central theme of the event was “Hyperparathyroidism.”

The Convener of the CME was Prof. S.K. Mishra, with Dr. Abhishek Krishna and Dr. Sarrah Idrees serving as the Organising Secretary and Co-organising Secretary, respectively.

The event was honoured by the esteemed presence of Prof. Anjali Mishra, President of IAES, as the Chief Guest, and Prof. Pooja Ramakant, Honorary Secretary of IAES, as the Guest of Honour.

Designed with a special focus on young endocrine surgeons, the CME aimed to equip participants with practical strategies to manage and overcome complex cases of Hyperparathyroidism. The event was conducted in hybrid mode, facilitating the participation of over 100 delegates from across India.

The full-day program, scheduled from 9:00 AM to 6:00 PM, was structured into three academic sessions and featured case-based multidisciplinary panel discussions. Nine prestigious institutes contributed to the discussions, each represented by a team of multidisciplinary faculty members. The participating institutions included:

AIIMS, New

Delhi AIIMS,

Bilaspur CMC,

Vellore

Madras Medical College (MMC), Chennai

Government Mohan Kumaramangalam Medical College

(GMKMC), Salem SGPGIMS, Lucknow

King George's Medical University (KGMU),

Lucknow Dr. RMLIMS, Lucknow

Medanta Hospital, Lucknow

Discussions were categorized under five thematic areas:

1. Advanced/Complicated Hyperparathyroidism
2. Primary Hyperparathyroidism with Rare Pathologies
3. Secondary Hyperparathyroidism



DR. RAM MANOHAR LOHIA INSTITUTE OF MEDICAL SCIENCES,
Vibhuti khand, Gomti Nagar, Lucknow
Department of Endocrine Surgery



CME in Kerala under the aegis of IAES

We are pleased to report the successful completion of the "Thyroid Parathyroid Update 2025," which took place on May 25th, at Baby Memorial Hospital in Calicut. The event saw enthusiastic participation from more than 100 attendees, including general physicians, general surgeons, Medical endocrinologist, endocrine surgeons, and general practitioners.

The program featured a comprehensive series of 10 insightful talks delivered between 8:30 AM and 2:00 PM. The day commenced with a welcome address by Dr. Pradeep PV, the Organizing Chairman, and concluded with a vote of thanks presented by Dr. Shikhil, the Organizing Secretary. We were honored to have presentations from eminent speakers such as Dr. MJ Paul from CMC Vellore, Dr. Amit Agarwal from Medanta, and Dr. Himagireesh Rao from Bangalore, who shared their expertise and insights. The inaugural ceremony was gracefully presided over by Dr. Anand Pai, CEO of Baby Memorial Hospital.

Furthermore, the Kerala association of Thyroid and Endocrine Surgeons (KATES) general body meeting was successfully held on the preceding evening at Hotel KPM Tripenta.



May 2025 World Thyroid Day Celebrations 24th May 2025

Yoga, Human Chain in figure of Thyroid, Public Thyroid Awareness program and free health check-up camp organised for the public.



2nd Activity on World Thyroid Day 24th May 2025

On the occasion of World Thyroid Day 2025, we are proud to announce the launch of "Thyrobot AI" — India's first Hindi-language AI chatbot for thyroid awareness and patient education by Dr Sanjay Kumar Yadav in Surgery Department, Govt Medical College, Jabalpur.

Launched today by Prof. Anjali Mishra (President, IAES), Prof. Pooja Ramakant (Secretary, IAES), Dr. Pushparaj Bhatele (Secretary, IMA MP State Branch), Dean, Superintendent, Head of Surgery Department, and other dignitaries, this initiative is a major leap toward accessible, evidence-based, and language-appropriate health information for patients across North and Central India.

Key Highlights:

- * Provides scientifically accurate, Hindi-language information on thyroid diseases, nodules, and cancers.
- * Powered by guidelines from the *American Thyroid Association*
- * Designed to address myths, misconceptions, and improve health-seeking behavior.
- * Fully functional on mobile devices for ease of use by patients, ASHA workers, and primary care physicians.

This AI tool has been conceptualized and deployed by us, the highest-volume advanced care center in Central India

We are committed to empowering patients and primary care providers with reliable knowledge, accessible in the language they understand best.

Try Thyrobot AI here:

<https://chatgpt.com/g/g-6832bbc85d8c8191ad72e30398e34a12-thaaiirobontt-ai>

June 2025

Reports of the activities planned for celebrating **Surgeons Week 9th to 15th June 2025 under the aegis of IAES**

1. Radio Goonj KGMU 89.6 Mega Hertz – 9th to 15th June 2025 Daily one of the Surgeons message on air, on you tube, Quiz questions daily, at end, Lucky draw.
2. Career counselling with MBBS and PG Students- 10th June 2025
3. Endocrine Surgeons message video on all social media platforms
4. Blood donation camp on 14th June 2025 in KGMU
5. Thyroid Public Awareness Program and free Thyroid function test screening sampling for 100 patients in KGMU on 14th June 2025
6. Case-based Multi-Disciplinary meet online – initiative by Dr Siddhartha, Hyderabad
7. Thyroid awareness and Mentor Mentee interaction AI Based tool launch by Dr Sanjay Yadav, Jabalpur

Radio Goonj KGMU 89.6 Mega Hertz – 9th to 15th June 2025 Daily one of the Surgeons message on air, on Youtube channel videos, Quiz questions daily, at the end, Lucky draw.

Program details:

Radio Goonj KGMU Panel discussion: Topic “Surgeon’s role in serving the society” to celebrate Surgeons Day on 15th June 2025 as declared by Association of Surgeons of India

Date 06 June 2025 3pm – 5pm (3-4 pm Dr Anand, Dr Sonkar, Dr Pooja, Dr Kul Ranjan) (4-5pm Dr Anjali) (Dr Nikhil 3pm on 7th June 2025)

Venue: Convention Centre Radio Station- 2nd floor, Lucknow

Panellists:

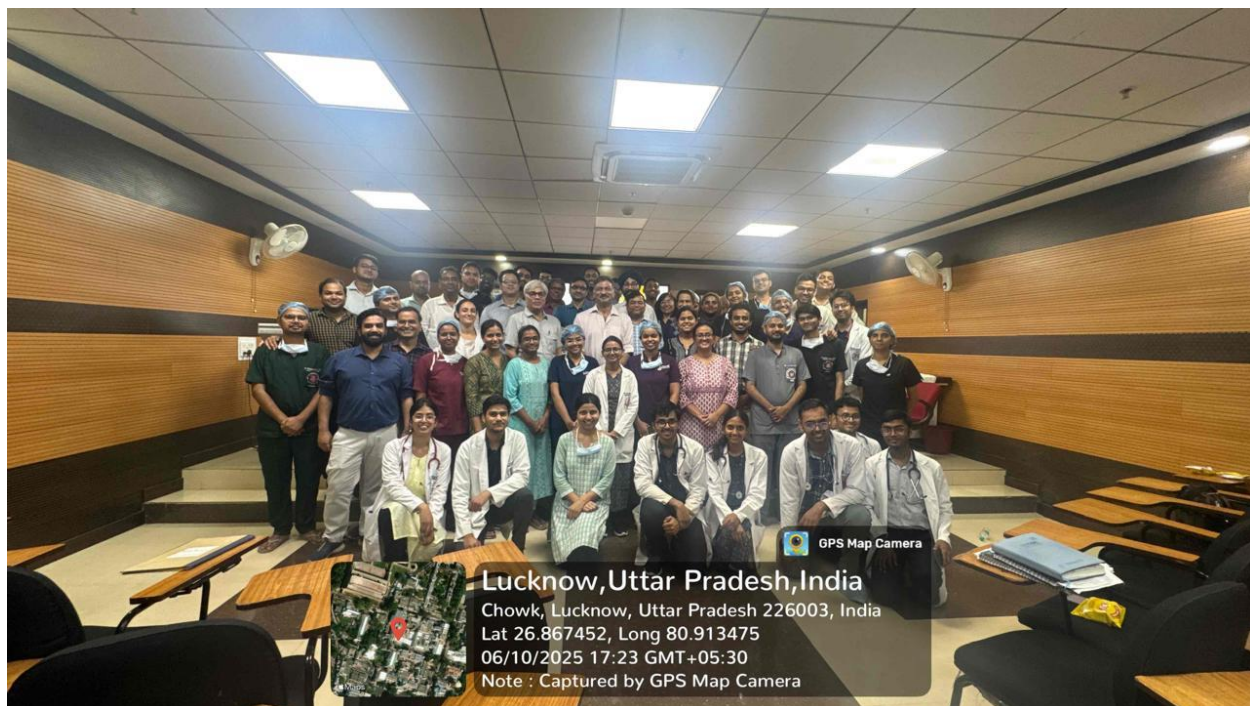
1. Dr Anjali Mishra- President, IAES, Professor and Head Unit 2, Endocrine Surgery Department, SGPGIMS
 - a. Teaching role
2. Dr Nikhil Singh- President, UPASI, Prof and Head, Surgery Department, Govt Medical College, Gonda
 - a. Addressing public grievances and expectations
3. Dr Anand Kumar Mishra- Vice President, UPASI, Prof and Head, Endocrine Surgery Department, KGMU
 - a. Leading public awareness
4. Dr Abhinav Arun Sonkar- Editor in Chief, UPASI, Professor, General Surgery Dept, KGMU
 - a. Surgeon and Technology
5. Dr Pooja Ramakant- Secretary, IAES, Professor, Endocrine Surgery Department, KGMU
 - a. Role as a Researcher
6. Dr Kul Ranjan Singh IAES and UPASI Member, Additional Professor, Endocrine Surgery Department, KGMU
 - a. How to be a Role Model



Career counselling with MBBS and PG Students- 10th June 2025

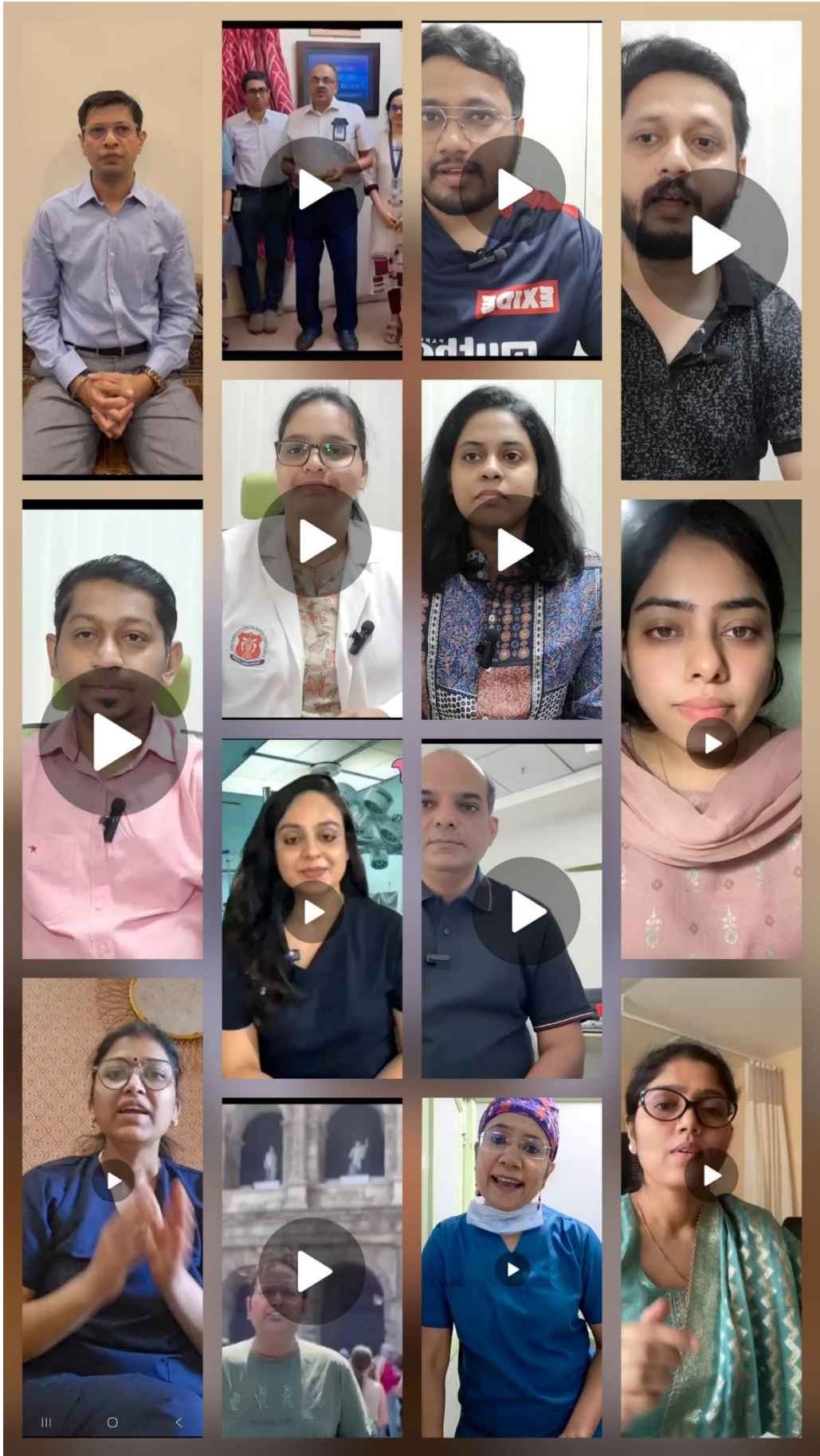
One hour session each batch of around 100 students participated. Very interactive session by all the Panellists. Relevant photos are attached. Students also asked their queries regarding the career options. Discussion regarding pros and cons of Surgery as an option and which sub-speciality to choose were discussed in details.

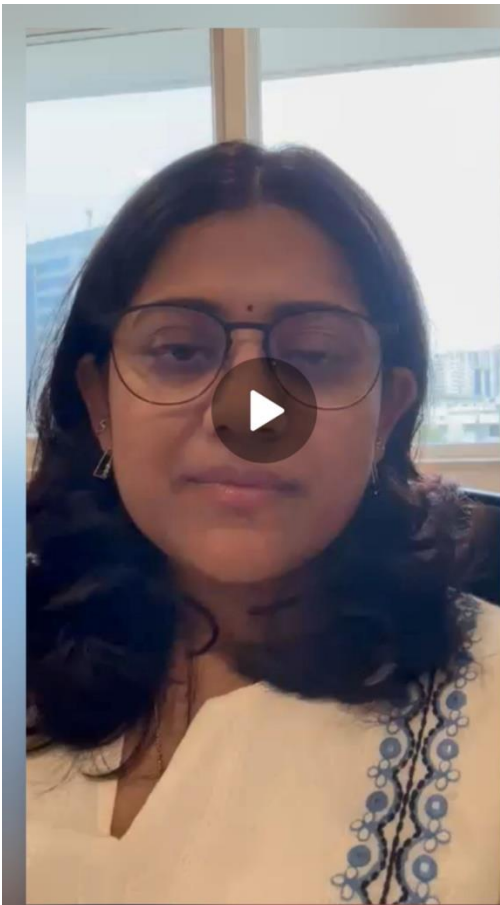




Endocrine Surgeons message video on all social media platforms.

IAES Members were requested to share their messages and the combined video was circulated on all social media platforms. This was made with intention to motivate young undergraduate students to take up Surgery as a subject and others to take inspiration from the lives of Surgeons. Details attached.





Blood donation camp on 14th June 2025 in KGMU was organised in Transfusion Medicine department. More than 60 donors participated in the event. One motivation video to encourage others to donate blood was circulated on Youtube channel.





Thyroid Public Awareness Program and free Thyroid function test screening sampling for 100 patients in KGMU on 14th June 2025. This was done in front of

Endocrine Surgery OPD in KGMU. Experts from KGMU and SGPGI participated. Resident doctors did a skit to create awareness and nurses made posters for creating awareness. Patients found the informations very useful. Relevant pictures attached.



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Pradesh 226003, India
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Pradesh 226003, India
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Note : Captured by GPS Map C



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Pradesh 226003, India
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Shahmeena Shah Road, Chowk, Lucknow
Uttar Pradesh 226003, India
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Note : Captured by GPS Map Camera



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Pradesh 226003, India
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Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh, India
Vw86+7w9, King George's Medical University, Lucknow,
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Case-based Multi-Disciplinary meet online –an initiative by Dr Siddhartha, Apollo Hospital, Hyderabad on 15th June 2025 on Zoom platform was done under the aegis of IAES banner.

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Jyotsna Rao (Unverified)



Ritesh Agrawal (Unverified)



siddhartha chakravarthy (...)



ms (Unverified)



Dr Dinesh Goli (Unverifi...



Dr Sunil Barua (Unverifi...



waseem ...



kishore (...



Dr Mithu...



Thyroid awareness and Mentor-Mentee interaction AI-Based tool launched by Dr Sanjay Yadav, Jabalpur was launched on 15th June 2025.

Free Camp: Dr Sanjay in Jabalpur Medical College conducted a free Thyroid awareness public program. Thyroid Awareness OPD – Surgeons Week 2025. As part of Surgeons Week 2025, the Thyroid Awareness OPD was successfully conducted on Tuesday under the aegis of the Indian Association of Endocrine Surgeons (IAES) and Jabalpur Surgeons Association. The activity took place at NSCB Medical College, focusing on early detection and counselling for thyroid disorders. A total of 57 patients were evaluated, with cases ranging from goitre and thyroid nodules to suspected malignancies. Public awareness regarding thyroid health, cancer screening, and surgical options was emphasized. The initiative witnessed active participation from faculty, residents, and community members, promoting endocrine health in the region.



Surgeons Week Quiz Responses

Day 01

Questions – kya apko lagta hai ki surgeon sirf surgery karte hai
agar nahi toh unki or kya kya reasonability hai uska jawab de

Instagram Answers –

Sakshi Awasthi - Hello mere naam Sakshi Awasthi hai main lucknow se hoon or
mera

answer hai - Surgeons ka kaam sirf surgery tak simit nahi hota. Wo patient ke saath
har step

pe hote hain – diagnosis se lekar treatment tak. Surgery to unka ek hissa hai, lekin
unka asli

kaam hai zindagi ko behtar banana. Wo har patient ke liye ek guide ki tarah hote
hain, jo sirf

shariir ko nahi, unke jazbaat aur dimaag ko bhi samajhte hain. Isliye unka kaam
sirf surgery

tak nahi, har moment mein zindagi ki care karna hota hai

Rahul Yadav - सजन समाज के िलिए एक अनमोल रन ह, जो हर कदम पर

Arush Patel - नहीं सजन, कई और मह

वपण

िजदगी

स

वारते ह!

कामो म भी भागीदारी िनभाते ह जैसे िक बीमारय का

इलाज करना, उपचार

दना।

वे मरीज को

योजनाए

दवाओ

बनाना, और मरीज को िविभन िचिकसा ि

, यायाम, और आहार

सबधी

याओ

के बारे जानकारी
सलाह भी दान करते ह। इसके अलावा, वे
यनतम
आ ामक ि
याओ
Youtube Answer –
और जिटल
खली

सजरी भी करते ह। 🙌❤

Abhishek Dixit - Surgeons ka main role is surgery then 2.)diagnosis and evaluation
3.) pre

operative duties 4.) post operative care 5.) medical students ki teaching and
monitoring 6.)

Research and development (like nayi surgery ki technique) 7.) adminstration
based work (

OT set karna , OT schedule karna) 8.) And the mail role is uplifting the morals of
patience

like counselling

Piyoosh Kamar - Doctors and surgeons play a vital role in healthcare beyond
surgery.

Doctor aur surgeon surgery ke alava bhi bahut kuchh karte hain. Ve patients ki
diagnosis

aur treatment karte hain, dawai prescribe karte hain, aur preventive care pradan
karte hain.

Ve patients ko healthy habits ke baare mein shiksha dete hain, chronic conditions
ko

manage karte hain, aur medical knowledge ko sudharne ke liye research karte hain

Mehdiya Rizvi - Koi bhi kaam agar insaniyat ke lie Kiya jata hai to kaam fixed
nahi hota

balki multipurpose hota hai Surgeon ka kaam bhi hai patient ko zindgi dena phir
chahe wo

surgery karke de chahe wo other task kare islie MBBS me use multi tasking work
sikhate hai

taki emergency ane par wo har kaam krke kisi ko nai zindagi de sake or insaniyat
ka taqaza

bhi yahi hai (Mehdiya Rizvi V.President of Euphorial Youth Society Lucknow Branch)

D. K. BOUDH - Role of surgeon in society 1 to diagnose disease. 2 to give treatment by

medicine or by surgery. 3 to teach new student of MS master of surgery only professor . 4

check all the test and ensure patient is ready for surgery or not. 5 talk with patient attendant if there is critical case a normal case. 6 inform patient and patient attendant about

the surgery. 7 schedule date and time of particular surgery. 8 ensure patient health and

hygiene after the surgery. 9 give proper medication to the patient after the surgery. 10 take

ward round of normal and Critical patient. 11 change dressing of patient in schedule timing.

12 ensure if patient need ICU or ventilator so provide ICU or ventilator. 13 advice patient

attendant to give proper diet to the patient and take care of patient. 14 inform patient

attendant when he come for follow up. 16 check blood pressure pulse rate heart rate etc in

normal or critical patient in proper timing. Thankyou kgmu for give me this wonderful

platform give my views on given topic. I am student of class 9th in Lucknow . I love kgmu

and I proud of kgmu.

Sakshi Awasthi - Hello mere naam Sakshi Awasthi hai main lucknow se hoon or mera

answer hai - Surgeons ka kaam sirf surgery tak simit nahi hota. Wo patient ke saath har step

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Nisha Shukla - Ek surgeons na sifr surgery balki vo apne patient ki history pre surgery

check up ,ek social worker and wo apne patient ki surgery ke bad bhi khayal rkhte h aur vo

ek teacher bhi ho sakte h vo ek acche diet teacher bhi ho sakte h aur bhi vo sb kuch ho sakte

h

Somu - Surgeons are vital to healthcare systems, blending technical mastery, ethical

judgment, and compassion. Their role extends beyond the operating room, shaping public

health, policy, and trust in medicine.

Minhaj Sugra - सजन िसफ ऑपरेशन ही नह करते, बि क उनका काम इससे कह यादा है! वे patients क detailed

diagnosis करते ह, उनक medical history check करते ह, और surgery से पहले उह prepare करते ह। Post

operative care म भी उनका अहम role होता है, जहाँ वे recovery monitor करते ह और complications manage

करते ह। इसके अलावा, कई surgeons medical students को पढ़ाते ह, research करते ह ताकि नई techniques develop

ह, और hospital administration म भी contribute करते ह। वे

दसर

doctors और specialists के साथ

collaborate करके patient को best possible care provide करते ह।

Sunil Chaudhary - Yes Kewal surgery karte hain...

Whatsapp message –

Priyanka Chandra – whatsapp Audio File

Dr. Huda Clinical Dietitian - Responsibilities of a surgeon other than surgery are as follows:-

1. Patient Evaluation– Assess medical history, physical exams, and diagnostic tests.
2. Preoperative Planning– Prepare surgical plans and obtain informed consent.
3. Postoperative Care– Monitor recovery, manage wounds, and prescribe medications.

4. Documentation– Maintain accurate surgical and patient records.
5. Team Coordination– Collaborate with staff and other specialists.
6. Teaching– Train medical students and junior doctors.
7. Hospital Duties– Attend meetings, Do ward rounds for patients' condition follow up, follow protocols, and support quality control.
8. Continuous Learning– Stay updated and engage in research if applicable.

These are the responsibilities of a surgeon other than surgery.

Anurag Yadav - Surgeons are medical doctors who apart from performing surgeries also

engage in patient consultations diagnosis and post operative care as well as research and

education in their field .

Abhishek Dixit - Surgeons ka main role is surgery then 2.)diagnosis and evaluation 3.) pre

operative duties 4.) post operative care 5.) medical students ki teaching and monitoring 6.)

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shariir ko nahi, unke jazbaat aur dimaag ko bhi samajhte hain. Isliye unka kaam sirf surgery

tak nahi, har moment mein zindagi ki care karna hota hai

Day 2

Question - kya surgeon sirf surgery karte hai ya research bhi karte hai ?

Instagram Answer –

Sakshi Awasthi - Hello Mera Naam Sakshi Awasthi hai main lucknow se hoon Aaj ke 2nd

Question ka answer hai - Nahi, surgeons sirf surgery nahi karte, wo research bhi karte hain.

Research se hi naye tareeke, naye tools aur behtar treatment possible hote hain. Jab surgeons research karte hain, to wo sirf ek patient ka nahi, pure future ka soch rahe hote

hain. Isse surgeries aur bhi safe, fast aur effective ban jaati hain. Mere hisaab se har surgeon

ko research bhi zaroor karni chahiye, kyunki usse poora medical system aage badhta hai.

Rahul Yadav -

हा

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कल

मम सजन का

अनसधान

म बहत ही मह

वपण

योगदान है

Pratima Verma - Without reasearch surgery is not possible

एव

Amar Verma - ऐसा मानना सही नह होगा िक सजन डॉ टर िसफ सजरी करता है बि क वह िचिकसा म नए

खोज

सजरी क नए िविध का िवकास करते

दत

है िजससे वे भिवय म

पन:

उस रोग से

मि

ह।

सजन डॉ टर सजरी से मरीज के रोग का शत ितशत

पण

हो जाता है। और सजरी करने के साथ - साथ मेडिकल िश ा

इलाज कर

अनसधान

म नए खोज और जानकारी को आम जन लोगो के सामने नए शोध का िवकास करते है।

और सामाजिक जीवन के िवकास

म सजन डॉ टर का बहत योगदान होता है।

Youtube Answer –

Sakshi Awasthi - Hello Mera Naam Sakshi Awasthi hai main lucknow se hoon Aaj ke 2nd

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Research se hi naye tareeke, naye tools aur behtar treatment possible hote hain. Jab surgeons research karte hain, to wo sirf ek patient ka nahi, pure future ka soch rahe hote

hain. Isse surgeries aur bhi safe, fast aur effective ban jaati hain. Mere hisaab se har surgeon

ko research bhi zaroor karni chahiye, kyunki usse poor medical system aage badhta hai.

James Studio - Dono resarch bhi kyuki hamesha kuch naya hota hai to sikhana bhi jaruri

hai.

Kiaank KK - Surgeons can do both surgery and research

Ravi Singh - Surgeons do surgery and research both

D K Boudh - Answer number 2 Surgeons research Bhi Karte Hain Kyunki yah professors bhi

Hote Hain. Surgeons research isliye karte hain Kyunki research se Pata Chalta Hai new

disease ke bare mein. And uska diagnose aur treatment ke bare mein Pata Chalta Hai.

Surgeon professional researcher bhi Hote Hai and ye new student ko teach karte Jo student

MS master of surgery Karte Hain. Thanks so much Kgm We proud of Kgm I am student of

class 9

Somu - Surgeons can certainly engage in both surgical practice and research. In fact, many

surgeons combine clinical work with academic research, contributing significantly to

medical advancements. Surgeons as Researchers Many surgeons actively participate in

research, including: - *Clinical Research* – Studying surgical outcomes, new techniques, or

innovative technologies (e.g., robotic surgery). While some surgeons focus solely on clinical

practice, many others actively contribute to research, driving innovation in medicine. The

balance depends on their career path—whether in private practice, academia, or industry.

Whatsapp Answer –

Devansh Kumar - Question 1 kya surgeons surgery karte hai ya research bhi?

Answer - Surgeons surgery bhi karte hai and research bhi karte hai.

Research Mein Aur Bhi disease Ka Pata Chalta Hai aur uska diagnos Bhi Kiya jata hai.

Professor of surgery surgery bhi perform karte hain research Bhi Karte Hain and naye

student ko lecture bhi bhi Dete Hain Hain.

Thanks

Mehdiya Rizvi - Koi bhi kaam krne ke liye insaniyat agar baqi hai to chahe general medicine

Dr.ho ya surgeon koi bhi kaam simit nahi hota waqt padne par wo har kaam kar leta hai

chahe emergency me shock hi kyu na dena ho isliye during MBBS studies dr.ko all rounder

banaya jata hai use suturing se le kar CPR tak sikhaya jata hai (Mehdiya Rizvi V.President of

Euphorial Youth Society Lucknow branch)

एव

Amar Verma - ऐसा मानना सही नह होगा िक सजन डॉ टर िसफ सजरी करता है बि

क वह िचिकसा
म नए खोज
सजरी क नए िविध का िवकास करते
शत ितशत

पण

इलाज कर देते है िजससे वे भिवय म
ह।

पन:

सजन डॉ टर सजरी से मरीज के रोग का
उस रोग से
के साथ - साथ मेडिकल िश ा

अनसधान

मि

हो जाता

ह।

और सजरी करने
म नए खोज और जानकारी को आम जन लोगो के सामने नए
शोध का िवकास करते

Day 3

ह।

और सामाजिक जीवन के िवकास म सजन डॉ टर का बहत योगदान होता

Question – Kya Surgeon ke liye communication skill jaruri hai ya sirf
hand skill jaruri hai ?

Instagram Answer –

Rahul Yadav - Yes mam Communication skills most mandatory things for a
surgeons

Sameena - Yes ma'am zarurat rhti hai

Youtube Answer –

ह।

Mehdiya Rizvi - Kahte hain waandi mithi ho to log khud apko sunna chahte hai
isliye

surgeon hi nahi balki sabki communication skill mithi hona chahiye ye bhot mayne rakhti

hai hand skill achhi hogi to surgery bhi successful hogi dusron ko zindagi milegi or apko

khushi (Mehdiya Rizvi Euphorial Youth Society)

D K Boudh - Answer number 3 Yes surgeon ke liye communication skill bahut jaruri hai

Kyunki yah Kaise patient attendant se baat karte hain Kaise Usi se Pata Chalta Hai Ki

diagnose particular disease se kaise hoga and disease kitne Old hai. Surgeon skill is very

important in every surgery Surgeon skill play great role in every surgery because when

surgeon don't have good skill so it may be cause patient death.. Skill of surgeon is very

important because skilled surgeons knows how to perform surgery in very minimal cut

with low harm of body parts of patient and low blood loss. Thanks so much

Whatsapp –

No Message

Day 04

Question - Konsi Aise Chidya hai jisse ki surgeon ki life or personality ko compare kiya jata hai ?

Instagram answer –

Rahul Yadav - Mam Eagle

Priya Verma - Eagle ma'am

Sakshi Awasthi – Eagle

Btanchal Chaudhary – Eagle

Mani Prakash Yadav – Eagle

Abhsihek - बाज क तरह

Youtube Answer –

Anjali Tiwari – Vulchar

Dr, Shobhit Gupta – Kingfisher

Vidhyansh Tiwari – Obstacle

Shiwangi – Eagle

Ravi Singh - Eagle's eye

Somu – Eagle

Babita Gupta – Baaj

Whatsaap answer –

Geeta Joshi – Eagle

Anjali Tiwari – Vulchar

Rishabh Kumar – Hummingbird, Eagle, owl

Ravi Singh – Eagle

Shubhra patel – Hawk bird

A name – Peacock

Day 05

Question – kya apko lagta hai ki surgeon ko Medical legal issue and ethical issue se koi fark nahi padta ya phir es wajha se wo surgery karte samaye fass sakte hai?

Whatsapp answer –

Rishabh Kumar - हाँ, सजन (Surgeon) को

इशज़

मिडकल

(Ethical Issues) दोन से बहत फक पड़ता

अगर सजन

खद

ह।

िकसी बीमारी या वा य समया से

जझ

इशज़

(Medical Issues) और एिथकल

रहा हो, जैसे:

कपन

कमज़ोरी या थकान

मानिसक तनाव (mental stress)

ि

म कमी या हाथ क समय

तो वह सजरी ठीक से नह कर पाएगा। इससे मरीज क जान को खतरा हो सकता

और मानिसक प से िफ्ट रहना बहत ज़ री

Ethical Issues से सजन को फक पड़ता है?

ह।

ह।

सजन को शारीरक

सजन का फज है िक वह मरीज को सही जानकारी दे, उसक सहमित (Consent) से इलाज करे और भेदभाव न करे।

अगर सजन नैितकता नह अपनाएगा, तो मरीज क जान खतरे म पड़ सकती

ह।

ह।

अगर सजन

झठ

बोले, िबना ज़ रत सजरी करे, या लालच म िनणय ले — तो मरीज

सजन और मरीज का रता भरोसे पर िटका होता

और समाज का भरोसा खम हो जाता है।

Ethical गलती करने पर सजन के ऊपर केस हो सकता है, लाइसंस र हो सकता है, या जेल भी हो सकती

Thanku

Rishabh Kumar

Barabanki

Geeta Joshi - This is Geeta Joshi

ICN microbiology kgmu

Today's answer -

Surgeon ko medico-legal aur ethical issues se bahut zyada farak padta hai, kyunki inka

direct sambandh patient safety, trust, professional reputation, aur legal accountability se

hota hai.

Surgeon ko farak kyon padta hai?

1. Patient Consent and Autonomy

Issue: Agar bina informed consent ke surgery ki gayi.

Example: Ek patient ko appendix ki surgery explain ki gayi, lekin surgeon ne laparoscopy ke

dauraan kuch aur bhi remove kar diya, bina bataye.

Result: Legal case, compensation, suspension.

2. Negligence or Malpractice

Issue: Galat diagnosis, galat procedure, ya infection due to unsterile instruments.

Example: Knee surgery ke dauraan galti se wrong leg operate ho gaya.

Result: Criminal negligence case, license suspension, jail bhi ho sakti hai.

3. End-of-Life Decisions (Ethical)

Issue: Terminally ill patient ka life support band karna ya na karna.

Example: Surgeon ko lagta hai ki patient ko revive karna bekaar hai, par family insist karti

hai continue karne pe.

Result: Ethical dilemma, court ka involvement.

4. Confidentiality Break

Issue: Patient ki private info share karna bina unki permission.

Example: Surgeon ne media ko bata diya ki ek celebrity patient ko kya surgery hui.

Result: Ethical violation + legal complaint.

5. Unnecessary Surgeries (Profit Motive)

Issue: Sirf paisa kamane ke liye surgery suggest karna, jabki patient ko zarurat nahi.

Example: Gallbladder ki light pain ke case mein full removal surgery recommend karna

without dietary trial.

Result: Medical council inquiry, reputation damage.

Kin karanon se surgeon face karte hain ye issues?

1. Lack of communication

Patient ko sahi samjhaaya nahi gaya procedure.

2. Pressure from hospital or administration Surgery recommend karne ka pressure financial targets ke liye.

3. Overconfidence or fatigue Long hours ke baad mistake hone ki probability badhti hai.

4. Documentation lapses

hai.

Proper notes na likhne par patient kuch bhi claim kar sakta

5. Media/social media exposure
reaction.

Sensitive cases leak hone par public aur legal

Protection ke liye surgeon kya karte hain?

1. Proper documentation

2. Informed written consent

3. Patient counseling

4. Ethics committee se guidance lena

5. Medical indemnity insurance lena

Ravi Singh - Surgeons always keep in mind the ethical issue and always complete the

medicolegal formalities before any surgery (whenever required).

Youtube Answer

Alok - surgeons ke liye pahle humanity phir sare issue aate hai They are next to God

Kumar S - अगर हर डॉ टर /कमचारी अपनी जि
मदारी

के साथ अपने व्यवहार बात करने का तरीका बेहतर
सिवधा

के साथ मरीज का इलाज

सभवता

किया जाए तो 98% होने वाली ऑलम से बचा जा सकता है 1-2 % जो भी होती भी है तो
उस डॉ टर के त्रि और टाफ के त्रि जो भी

eligation हगे वो

इतने बड़े पैमाने पर नह पह

Instagram Answer –

चग

Rahul Yadav - medicolegal issues significantly impact surgeons. They may face legal

challenges due to negligence (e.g., incorrect diagnosis or treatment), failure to obtain

informed consent, inadequate documentation, or mismanagement of complications.

To

avoid such issues, surgeons should ensure clear communication with patients, obtain

proper informed consent, maintain meticulous records, and strictly adhere to medical

guidelines and protocols. This approach minimizes risks and ensures professional safety.

Medicolegal aspects very much important for a surgeons medicolegal Aspects always kept

in mind bcoz surgery comes under a specific work

New Message on Whatsapp –

Aradhiya Gupta

Anjali Mishra

Arti

Aniket

Aradhiya Tripathi

Pranab

Shubham

Shubhra

Sanjay Srivastava

Priya Nishchal

Shobhit

Tannu

